

THE JAP FLEET IS BUSY TODAY

Vessels Are Scattered Along the Korean Coast
Protecting the Troops That Are Landed.

PORT ARTHUR'S CAPTURE DOUBTED

While It Is Prevalent in London, No Verification for the News Can Be Obtained Thus Far--

Intense Excitement.

(Special by Scripps-McRae.) London, Feb. 12.—An unconfirmed rumor is going the rounds of the city today that the Japanese have captured Port Arthur.

Did Not Land.

Paris, Feb. 12.—An official dispatch from the French Consul at Dalny received this morning states that the Japanese marines attempted to land at Dalny last Wednesday night but were repulsed by the Russians.

No Truth to It.

Berlin, Feb. 12.—Official quarters claim that they know nothing about the impending passage of the Russian fleet through the Kaiser Wilhelm Canal.

News Scarce.

London, Feb. 12.—There is a remarkable dearth of actual news from the seat of war in the Orient this morning. Lack of definite information regarding the Japanese fleet is especially noticeable in light of its vigorous activity. This is explained by some who assert that the Japanese vessels in all probability are spread along the coast of Korea.

(Special by Scripps-McRae.) London, Feb. 12.—An unconfirmed rumor is going the rounds of the city today that the Japanese have captured Port Arthur.

that the Japanese have captured Port Arthur and destroyed the entire Russian fleet.

Blew Up Railroad.

It was stated that the Japanese army first blew up the railroad fifty miles from the coast, to cut off relief, then carried by assault the promontory overlooking the city and harbor.

Mounting heavy artillery here they shelled the city and harbor, driving the Russian fleet out into the sea, where the Japanese battleships and cruisers met them.

All Fleet Destroyed.

In their sea fight the Russian ships were all captured or destroyed. The Japanese then attacked and captured Port Arthur, taking possession of the immense stores of provisions.

Partial Corroboration.

It was also reported that the Japanese had planted explosives all along the line of the Siberian railway. While this startling message is given only on the authority of the London merchants, it is in a measure corroborated by the Reuter dispatches.

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VLADIVOSTOK, RUSSIA'S ICEBOUND HARBOR IN SIBERIA.

The harbor of Vladivostok was formerly icebound in winter, but now during part of the winter it is kept clear by means of great ice crushing steamers built for the purpose.

covering the movements of the Japanese troops through the Korean peninsula to the north where the first encounter with the Russian land forces is expected. While actual news is lacking there is the usual budget of rumors most of which emanate from Shanghai which is noted for its unreliability.

Berlin, Feb. 12.—Baron Kurino, the Japanese minister to St. Petersburg has arrived here and gives as his opinion that China will abandon neutrality and aid Japan immediately after the Japs have won the first victory on the land.

London, Feb. 12, 1 a. m.—One of the most conservative commercial houses in the city, with immense interests in the Orient, late tonight received a message in cipher from its representative in Chee Foo, stating

More Rumors.

London, Feb. 12.—There is a marked lack of war news this morning. The lull is thought by many to be the forewarning of a fierce battle between Russians and Japs at Port Arthur. Native Japanese merchants in the city do not believe that Port Arthur has been captured.

Not Use Canal.

London, Feb. 12.—The Berlin correspondent of the Central News wires that the Baltic fleet will pass through the Skagerrack straits into the North sea instead of by the Kiel canal, the government having hinted that the latter was not open to belligerents.

London Excited.

London, Feb. 12.—News of a startling nature has been received by the foreign office but the contents of the

budget has not been given out. Reports continue to come in from the seat of war but nothing definite is known of the actual happenings. The general opinion is that a battle is being fought somewhere near Seoul or farther north.

GERMANS LOSE HEAVILY IN THEIR WEST AFRICAN WAR.

Governor of the Camerons Reports Count Puckler Has Been Killed.

(Special by Scripps-McRae.) London, Feb. 12.—The Governor of the Camerons reports that Puckler was killed while fighting against the natives at Bason.

REFERENCE MADE TO LINCOLN AT THE OPENING OF CONGRESS.

Chaplain Coudon of the House of Representatives Refers to Martyred President.

(Special by Scripps-McRae.) Washington, Feb. 12.—A touching reference to President Lincoln was made in the opening prayer of the house today by Chaplain Coudon. In the committee of whose the house began the consideration of private pension bills.

The entire family of William M. Jones, residing in the village of Pleasant Prairie, Kenosha county, were poisoned by eating impure food. Hazel Patterson, one of the members of the family, may die.

The Hampton Normal and Agricultural Institute of Hampton, Va., is left \$100,000 by the will of Hudson Houghland, who died in New York Jan. 30.

LINCOLN DAY IS WELL OBSERVED

Banks and Public Buildings in the Windy City Are Closed Today to Honor Dead President.

(Special by Scripps-McRae.) Chicago, Feb. 12.—Lincoln's birthday was observed by all the public offices in the city. The banks, board of trade, and stock exchange were closed. Tonight several banquets will be held at one of which Secretary Shaw will speak.

FIND DYNAMITE IN A PACKAGE

Custom House Officials in New York Discover What Looks Like Wicked Plot.

Liverpool, Feb. 12.—The customs officers today found eighteen pounds of dynamite in the bottom of a trunk of Ivan Slobanov, an Australian emigrant aboard the White Star liner *Majesty*. On his person was found three hundred detonators. The man was arrested. He was bound for Carlisle.

The Hampton Normal and Agricultural Institute of Hampton, Va., is left \$100,000 by the will of Hudson Houghland, who died in New York Jan. 30.

MARK HANNA IS STILL VERY LOW

Crisis Will Not Come for Some Days Yet—His Son Has Been Sent For.

Washington, Feb. 12.—This morning's bulletin by the physicians in charge of Senator Hanna state that he had a comfortable night but that the fever is still very high being a hundred and four and the pulse more rapid being a hundred and twelve and respiration twenty-eight. The irritability of the stomach has disappeared. The senator is conscious and the physicians say that nothing alarming is noted in his condition. It is believed the turning point will be reached in forty-eight hours.

Although hope is not entirely abandoned it is believed today by those in attendance upon Sen. Hanna that he will not recover. It was stated at noon that Hanna now has typhoid in the most severe form and that death may occur any time. Everything possible is being done by his physicians, but it is not believed even a radical treatment will be effective. The resort was this morning was an injection of saline solution and the effect was to stimulate the patient considerably. At noon a bulletin said Hanna was resting quietly, temperature 101, pulse 108, respiration 29, with no complications.

Dan Hanna, the senator's son has been sent for.

Hanna Sinking.

Washington, 4:15 p. m.—Senator Hanna is sinking rapidly. He does not respond to any stimulants. Messengers have been dispatched for friends as it is thought the end is near.

STATE NOTES

Severt Oleson of Eau Claire suffered three broken ribs and other internal injuries from a falling limb.

Walter S. Heyer, who had his knee-caps sawed off by a sawing machine at Baraboo, died from the effects of his injuries.

The Reedsburg Old Settlers' association elected Charles Kester president, Mrs. N. Darrow secretary, and M. Baker treasurer.

Martin Higgins, a policeman of Marquette, Mich., while despondent through poor health, committed suicide by shooting himself through the head.

Charles H. Lee, referee in bankruptcy, has issued a notice that the Racine Knitting company property will be offered for sale on March 1.

Merton Seymour, a well known Sauk county farmer, was attacked by a mad bull, his collar bone broken, and his body severely bruised.

Carl H. Schmidt, a well known business man of Manitowoc, committed suicide by shooting himself while in a temporary fit of insanity, due to illness.

The midwinter hop, the swellest social affair of the year at St. John's Military academy, will be held Saturday evening. Over two hundred invitations have been sent out.

The enrollment in Dean W. A. Henry's school for adult farmers at the state university has grown from 120 on the opening day to 165. The school will continue a week longer.

The Wisconsin City and Village Mutual Underwriters' association, in session at Fond du Lac, elected as officers: President, Nathan Haesly, Theresa; first vice president, C. Pfleider, Plymouth; second vice president, Joseph Schmidt, Kewaskum; secretary and treasurer, H. A. Wrucke, Campbellsport; director, three years, C. H. Mandeville, Lodi.

RENEW ATTACKS ON THE FORTS

Japanese Fleet Sinks Three Russian Battleships in Attempting to Capture Port Arthur.

RUSSIAN TROOPS DRIVE JAPANESE

Back, and Foil Their Attempt to Mine the Forts Commanding the Harbor—Mikado's Vessels Suffer But Little.

Choo, Feb. 12.—The Japanese fleet renewed the bombardment of the Russian fleet and forts and of Port Arthur at 2 o'clock Friday morning, and sank three Russian cruisers, captured seven warships, and chased others.

Many shells were thrown into the city itself, and a number of buildings, among them the Russian bank, were destroyed.

During disturbances in Port Arthur a number of Japanese residents who have been unable to leave were killed by a mob. Many others were imprisoned.

Surprise Russians. Like all the other attacks on the Russian stronghold, the descent was a complete surprise to the Russians. While they were not caught napping as they were during the first attack, they did not look for another attack until Saturday at least, as they believed they had badly crippled some of the Japanese fleet during the engagement Wednesday, when two of the Mikado's cruisers, by a daring dash, got between the Czar's ships

and the entrance to the harbor and tried to drive the Russians out into the open sea. These two cruisers were struck several times by the Russian gunners, but escaped when they found the Russians would not agree to an open sea fight.

Battle is Fierce. Details of this further disaster to the Czar's navy are meager. The names of the ships sunk and captured are not known here. It is known, however, that the battle was a fierce one and that the Russians fought with desperation, realizing that if they lost many more ships they would lose, without hope of recall, any chance of regaining the supremacy of the sea in these waters.

The latest blow puts the Russian fleet practically hors de combat. At every turn it has been defeated by the stout little Japanese, who have outgeneraled, outshot, and outthought the Russian sailors.

Battle Back Japs. Another daring venture was made by the Japanese Thursday. An attempt was made to land force at the bay of Port Arthur. About fifty men were ready to land, presumably with the intention of attempting to blow up the forts. If there was any possibility of mining them, when they were surprised by two companies of Russian soldiers and driven back to their boats. As far as is known the Japanese sustained no casualties, regaining their ships in safety.

Hakodate is on the island of Hokkaido, the most northern of the Japanese islands. The harbor is excellent, and the city, containing about

three cruisers were sunk, and many other smaller cruisers damaged.

Strategy Falls. Two Japanese warships, probably protected cruisers, dashed in between the entrance to the harbor and the Russian fleet on Wednesday, despite a gallant fire from the czar's men. This was done in an effort to drive, if possible, part of the Russian fleet into the open sea, where battle could be fought away from the protection given by the forts on both sides of the Russian stronghold.

While the two cruisers attacked from the inside, the rest of the Japanese fleet, with torpedoes and shells, attacked from the outside. Several of these torpedoes took effect, and it is thought they were responsible for the sinking of the seven ships.

At Mercy of Japanese. The Russians refused to send any of their ships into the open, and at last Admiral Togo signaled the two Japanese cruisers to rejoin the fleet. This they did, but they are reported to have been seriously damaged while running the Russian gauntlet.

All is quiet at Port Arthur, but another attack from the Japanese is expected. If it is made, it will find the Russians in a serious plight. With their fleet practically helpless, and unable to get into the harbor because of the two sunken battle-ships, disabled and beached during the first battle Sunday, the Russian sailors are naval strategists here think, practically at the mercy of the Japanese.

Fire destroyed the entire business block owned by Woog & Co., at Boltonville.

RUSSIA'S BLACK SEA FLEET

Russia's Black Sea Fleet Commander ... Vice Admiral Kruger Second in Command Rear Ad. Nobega Rostislav, 8,800 tons displacement, 16 knots speed, which has been increased to 18 by the use of petroleum on coal. It is armed with four ten-inch guns, eight six-inch quick firing guns, turrets, four torpedo tubes.

Tri Sylavetka, 12,480 tons, 17.7 knots speed, four 12-inch guns, six 8-inch guns on broadside, smaller quick firing machine guns in proportion, six torpedo tubes above the water.

Dylandsat Apostol, 8,500 tons, 16.6 knots, four 12-inch and four 6-inch turrets, and smaller guns.

Tchesme and Slope, sister ships, 10,181 tons, 17.8 knots, six 12-inch and seven 6-inch and smaller guns.

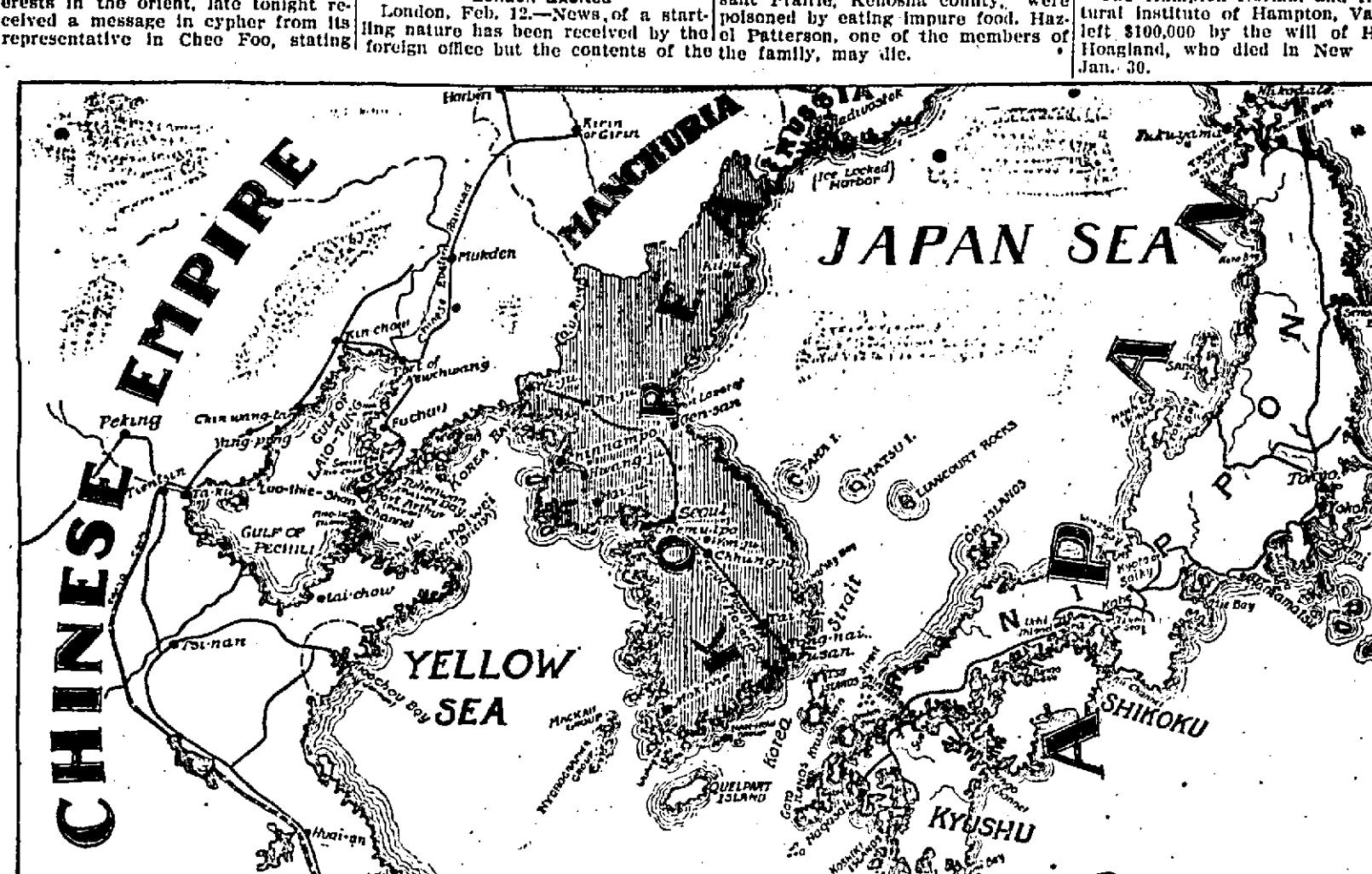
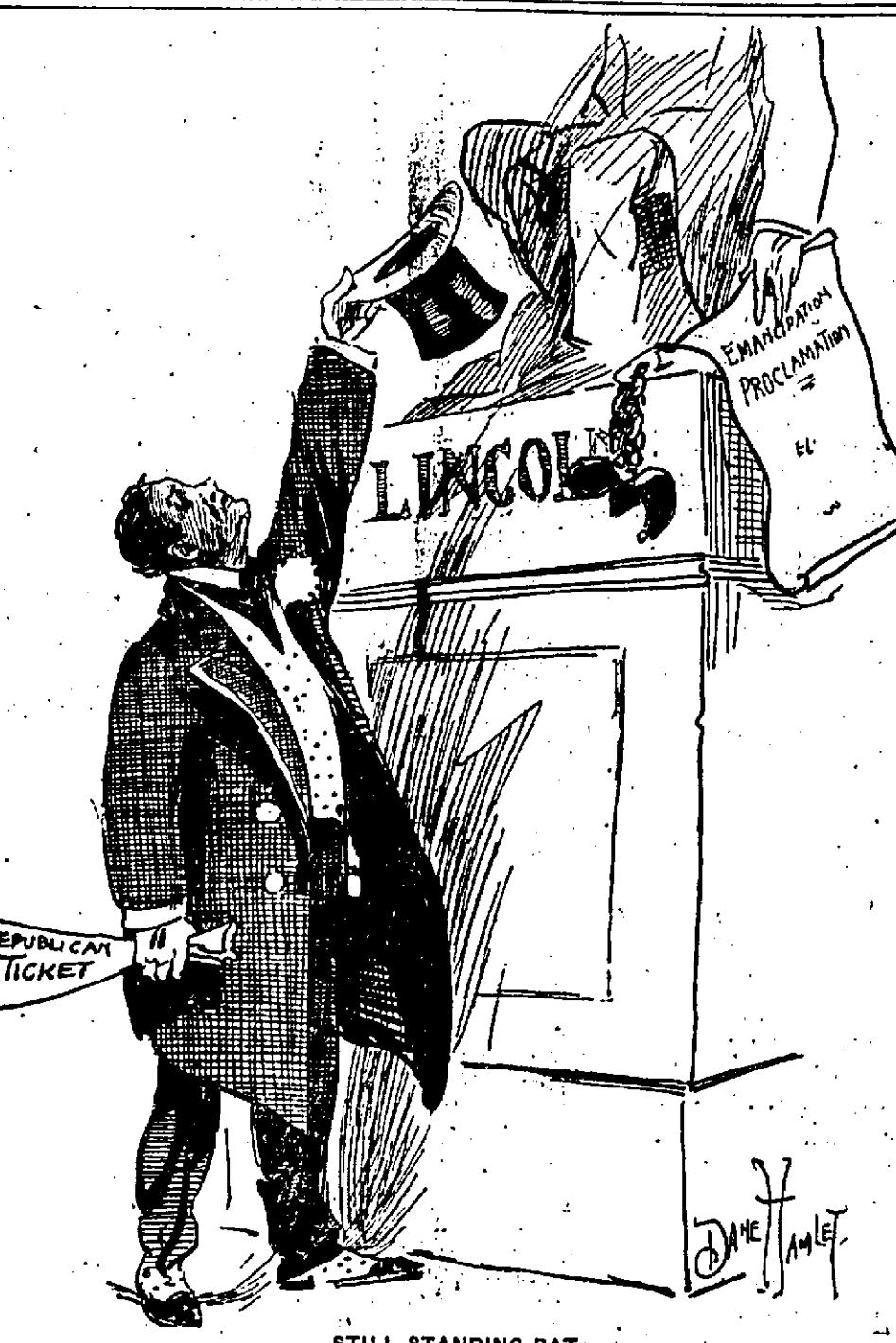
Kniaz Potumkin Tavrichesky, 12,500 tons, 17.8 knots, four 12-inch and sixteen 6-inch guns, with the usual secondary battery.

CRUISERS
Pamyet, 2,936 tons, Merkury, 2,936 tons
Sokken, 400 tons, Kazarsky, 400 tons

Vice Admiral Kruger is a thoroughly efficient officer, who gained his rank as vice admiral a year ago. He commanded the fleet which was sent to Bulgaria when Russia demanded reparation for the murder of her consul there. He came to the United States in command of the Russian warship Rynda in 1893, and commanded the naval guard on the Danube during the Russo-Turkish war.

MAP OF KOREA, MANCHURIA AND JAPAN, THE FAR EAST'S ZONE OF TROUBLE.

The strong strategic point shown on the map is the Korean strait, which is dominated by Japan because of her strong fleet and her fortifications on the Tsu Islands, mid-west, through it. Vladivostok is a point only 100 miles wide, and communication by water between Vladivostok, on the north, and Port Arthur, on the south. The Japanese wrested Port Arthur from China, but Russia made them evacuate. Port Arthur is one of the southern terminals of the Chinese Eastern railroad, which, running north, connects with the Trans-Siberian railroad, over which Russia's troops have been passing for weeks en route to Manchuria. The Japanese railroad from Fusui, Korea, to Seoul is being completed by the Japanese government for wartime use, and a Japanese road runs north between Seoul and Chemulpo. The railroad from Seoul to Wiju is not ready for use. The Japanese have rail communication practically the entire length of their principal islands.



IRRIGATION AS
SEEN IN WESTBELOIT LAWYER
SOLVES PUZZLEWILLIAM E. SMYTHE WRITES OF
WHAT IT HAS DONE

FOR CALIFORNIA THUS FAR

One Acre Farm Means a Steady
Crop All the Year Round—
Interesting Facts.

Los Angeles, Cal.—(Special)—The

Sacramento valley of California is a
land of big farms. Private estates
run all the way from one thousand to
one hundred thousand acres. It was
once profitable to farm vast areas in
grain. When this speculation began
to fail, in consequence of the expansion
of the industry in foreign lands
which has learned to use American
labor-saving machinery, the tendency
toward big farms was not checked,
but rather accelerated, since
many holdings were consolidated in
the process of mortgage foreclosures.Although the Sacramento valley is
blessed with most abundant water
supplies, irrigation is not generally
employed. There is little rainfall
from May to November, yet grain and
delicious fruits are grown without
artificial moisture. But the big
farms are not prosperous. They are
largely cultivated by tenants and are
strangely devoid of features which
make the true California farm one of
the most delightful home-spots in
the world. The men on the land sell
all they produce and buy nearly all
they consume. And so they pay tribute
to others "going and coming."I have been visiting a farm in the
Sacramento valley which consists of
one single acre of irrigated land and
which makes better home and larger
net income for its owner than
many of his neighbors enjoy on
places of thousands of acres each.
The little farm is at Orland, in Glenn
county, and is the property of a man
named Samuel Cleeks, who has grown
old and gray while tilling it for the
past thirty years.Mr. Cleeks tells me that he has no
difficulty whatever in making a com-
fortable living from this one acre of
irrigated land. Not only so, but he
is able to save on average of four
hundred dollars a year beside. He
has money to loan, as well as fruit,
vegetables, and poultry products to
sell to those who are getting poorer
every year in carrying on big farms
without irrigation. I was so curious
to know how he could get such good
results from so small an area that I
asked him to give me a list of what
the placed contained. Here it is:RAILROADS HAVE
PROSPEROUS YEARThe Northwestern and St. Paul Both
Show Large Earnings for
the Past Year.Judging from the reports being
daily received at Railroad Commiss-
ioner Thomas' office at Madison, the
railroads of Wisconsin have enjoyed
a most prosperous year. These re-
ports are due Feb. 10, but some are
usually late in being filed. The large
railroads that have thus far reported
give figures that indicate a substan-
tial increase in business and the small
roads, that have been for years strug-
gling to pay operating expenses and
interest on indebtedness report in-
creased earnings. The large and rich
roads are taxed 4 per cent. of their
gross earnings and the poorer and
smaller roads are favored and are
taxed only \$5 a mile, when the earn-
ings are less than \$1,500.The North-Western road will pay
\$228,753.83, St. Paul, Minneapolis and
Omaha will pay \$209,302.11, an increase
of \$14,651.70. The St. Paul and
Wisconsin Central roads have not yet
reported.AN ENDORSEMENT
FOR JUDGE LUSEWhat Hon. John M. Whitehead Thinks
of the Candidate for Su-
preme Court Judge.The people of Janesville are so
familiar with Hon. John M. White-
head that the following recom-
mendation of L. K. Luse for Justice of the
supreme court will go far to secure a
large vote for that gentleman at the
April election: "I have observed
with pleasure the favor with which
the candidacy of Hon. L. K. Luse for
Justice of the supreme court has
been received by the people generally.
I have known Mr. Luse for a
number of years. I have always placed
him in the first rank among law-
yers. At the first mention of his
name for this judicial position, I felt
that he was as good a man as could
be selected. His capacity for work,
his temperament and his personal
character command him to the state,
and words are not needed for mem-
bers of the bar to testify of his
candidacy. I confidently expect that the
people will gladly avail themselves
of the opportunity to place him upon
the supreme bench of the state."JANESVILLE HAS
GOOD BOWLERSDefeat the Crack Rockford Team in
an Exciting Contest Held
Last Night.Rockford crack bowlers met defeat
last evening at the Hockett bowling
alleys in this city, by a score of forty
points. The game was a fast one from
the start but the Bower city team
proved too strong a proposition for
the Rockford boys. The game was
close from the start but it was quite
evident that the home team was more
familiar with the workings of the
local alleys. The visitors returned
home on the 10:15 car expecting to
get revenge when the Janesville
team plays return game. Following is
the score:

	Janesville	Rockford	Total
Rubland	182	182	364
Hockett	141	174	315
Gibson	143	178	321
Nolan	123	146	269
Baumann	133	157	290
	722	837	1559
			2208

WILL BE BURIED
HERE SATURDAYRemains of Florence Wellmer To Be
Interred at Oak Hill Cemetery
Tomorrow.The remains of the late Florence
Wellmer, the daughter of Mr. and
Mrs. George Bliss, will arrive from
Chicago this evening at 6:40 and the
interment will take place tomorrow
morning from the chapel at the Oak
Hill cemetery. The funeral will be a
private one and Rev. Tippett will be
the officiating minister. Miss Wellmer
died from the effects of poison
taken while temporarily deranged at
the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs.
George Bliss, 6226 Kildare avenue,
Chicago, Thursday morning.The only high grade Baking Powder
made at moderate price.Calumet
Baking
Powder

—A. Voiss' Pharmacy.

LINK AND PIN..

News for the Railroad Men.

Notes of the Railroads
The Baltimore & Ohio railroad officials
announce that the damage to the road's property in Baltimore
is but slight and its lines are open for
business to Baltimore.The Chicago & Alton is to do extensive
work in beautifying the stations on its main lines preliminary to the
St. Louis world's fair and landscape
gardeners are drawing up plans.The Chicago River & Indiana Railroad
company was incorporated yesterday
with a capital stock of \$50,000. The
road is to operate between Chicago
and the Indiana boundary line. The
incorporators and first board of
directors are H. L. Gilbert, W. H. Jacobs,
E. L. Reeves, M. C. Lange and J. H. Sullivan.It was reported yesterday that
President Ingalls of the Big Four
would resign at the next meeting of
the board, which will be held in
June. In all probability he will be
succeeded by W. H. Newman, presi-
dent of the various New York Central
lines. President Ingalls, it is under-
stood, will retire entirely if his own
volition, as he is held in high esteem
by the Vanderbilt interests. It is
said that President Ingalls could
have a better position with the Van-
derbilts if he desired it.BIG COMPANY TO
TRY FORESTRYWeyerhaeuser Company and North-
ern Pacific Will Give Better Man-
agement to Their Forests.Mr. Frederick Weyerhaeuser, presi-
dent of the Weyerhaeuser Timber
company, has signed an agreement
with the Bureau of Forestry by which
the Bureau agrees to prepare working
plans for the conservative manage-
ment of about 1,300,000 acres of
the company's timber lands in Wash-
ington. By the agreement, a copy of
which is herewith given, the Weyer-
haeuser Company agrees to defray the
living and traveling expenses of
agents of the Bureau engaged in the
work.The Northern Pacific Railway
Company has also requested that
the Bureau of Forestry prepare working
plans for its enormous timber
and holdings in Washington and Idaho.The timber lands of the Weyer-
haeuser and the Northern Pacific
companies are privately owned tracts
of land for which the Bureau of Fore-
stry has ever been asked to prepare
working plans. The field work will
begin next summer. How long it will
continue before figures enough are
secured on which to base plans intelli-
gently it is impossible to pre-
dict at present. The of putting all these
lands under careful management is
of great magnitude, and only one
familiar with the nature of the forests
of the Northwest can appreciate its
difficulties. But great as these diffi-
culties are, the importance and value
of the park, once accomplished, far
outweigh them. It is another proof
of the profound interest and confi-
dence which the West has come to
feel in the practical results of forestry
that the two greatest land-holding
companies of the Pacific coast and
Rocky Mountain States, one repre-
sentative of the lumber, the other
of the railroad interests of that
country, should have called on the
Bureau of Forestry for expert advice
in managing their lands. The main
timber supply of the United States
is contained in the Northwestern
States, and the great advances which
forestry has made in that part of the
country must be regarded every-
where as of general benefit.

Services Conducted

Many meetings of more than ordi-
nary interest had been held throughout
the year. In addition to the regular
weekly services special prayer meet-
ings had been conducted. A beauti-
ful antiphonal service, prepared by
the pastor, was given on the first
evening of the year. Special Lenten
services, cottage prayer meetings
held in all parts of the city during
the day of March 8 and union prayer
meetings during the week of March
15 were chronicled.

Great Exertion for Pastor

It has been another year of great
exertion for the pastor. His services
had been needed for many funerals,
addresses before schools and colleges,
sermons at installations and ordi-
nations, and discourses at many
special gatherings.

Lecture Courses

The Monday club has been carried
on during the year. A course of five
lectures by Miss Kellogg, of the State
Historical library, dealing with the
history of our country during the
time of the Louisiana purchase had
been valuable in stimulating the
thought of the young people. The
People's Lecture course was con-
cluded but a continuation of these
entertainments was not deemed ad-
visable when the fall work of the
parish opened.

At the Colleges

During the latter part of the year
three choirs have assisted in the
church music, they being the church
choir, the children's choir and the
young people's choir. Four members
of the church were students at the
University of Wisconsin and the con-
gregation was represented at Downer
college, Kemper Hall, Theo-
logical seminary, Pratt Institute, Chicago
college, and Stewart hospital.

Teachers in Schools

In the local public schools the
church had six teachers while at the
School for the Blind there are three
teachers who are members. Dr. Up-
dyke of Madison, Dr. Smith of Ne-
gauine, and Prof. Blaidsell of Beloit
college had been in the pulpit on
certain Sundays during the past year.

Year of Growth

In conclusion the report showed
the past year to have been one of
growth in the membership, one of
peace and harmony in the parish, one
of interest and delight in the public
services, one of helpfulness and cordi-
ality in the social gatherings of the
church and the committee prepared
and offered its report in a spirit of
devout thankfulness.

The Birthday Cake

One of the features of the early
portion of the celebration was the
presentation of the annual birthday
cake by Miss Maria Gibbs. A num-
ber of scriptural quotations accom-
panied the cake and the suggestion
that such quotations might be found
for everything in life reminded Rev.
Denison of a story. It was at a meet-
ing of a human organization in which
he was much interested that he incident
occurred. The subject up for
discussion was the docking of horses' tails
and the presiding officer asked
if anyone present could offer a scriptural
quotation which condemned the
practice. Thereupon a small boy vol-
untered: "What God hath joined, let
no man put asunder."

Annual Address

In his annual address the pastor
suggested what he wished each of his
hearers to accomplish during the
coming year. Religion was life and
the coming will take place tomorrow
morning from the chapel at the Oak
Hill cemetery. The funeral will be a
private one and Rev. Tippett will be
the officiating minister. Miss Wellmer
died from the effects of poison
taken while temporarily deranged at
the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs.
George Bliss, 6226 Kildare avenue,
Chicago, Thursday morning.HEAR STORY
OF THE YEARTHE CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH
MEMBERS ENJOY SESSION.

FIVE HUNDRED WERE PRESENT

At the Afternoon and Evening Ses-
sions Yesterday—Over Four Hun-
dred at Banquet Table.Following a bountiful repast served
at tables tastefully decorated with
flowers and lighted candles, over four
hundred guests in attendance at the
annual home gathering of the Congre-
gational church last evening listened
to the report of the historian, clerk,
and treasurer, and the annual address
of the pastor. Miss Ryckman's review
of events that had transpired during
1903 was read while the guests were
still seated at the tables and proved extremely interesting.

FIFTY-NINE YEARS OLD

From, John M. Whitehead's report
for the year total membership
by letter of 23, total membership
on confession 48, baptised 21; loss
by death 7, loss of members 29, net
gain in members 42, total membership
for the year ending December,
1902, 530. He said in part:"The church is fifty-nine years old
today, and out of a membership of
five hundred and ninety there are
only twelve persons whose names now
appear on our roll who were members
of the church when Mrs. Sayles was
received as a member in 1861.

But Two Score Remain

Less than two score of the mem-
bership date their connection with
this church prior to the year 1873,
when Mr. Downing was received.
These facts show how swiftly the
church is moving on, how rapidly the
membership changes, and how recent
are the accessions of the great majority
of those who now constitute the
membership of the church."The different societies through
which the missionary work of the
church is conducted, were enumerated.
In dwelling on this branch of
the church's work the speaker called
attention to the twenty institutions
of learning maintained in this and
foreign countries and emphasized the
fact that even a congregation of
five hundred might make its influence
felt throughout the whole world. The
first preacher of the Congregational
church here was Mr. Bulkley, a home
missionary. The first pastor of the
church, Mr. Foote, was a home mis-
sionary.

Services Conducted

Many meetings of more than ordi-
nary interest had been held throughout
the year. In addition to the regular
weekly services special prayer meet-
ings had been conducted. A beauti-
ful antiphonal service, prepared by
the pastor, was given on the first
evening of the year. Special Lenten
services, cottage prayer meetings
held in all parts of the city during
the day of March 8 and union prayer
meetings during the week of March
15 were chronicled.

A CARD

We, the undersigned, do hereby
agree to refund the money on a 50-
cent bottle of Green's warranted Sy-
rup of Tar if it fails to cure your
cough or cold. We also guarantee
a 25-cent bottle to prove satisfactory
or money refunded.J. P. Baker, Geo. E. King & Co.,
J. P. Lovett, Smith, H. Richardson, T. O. Howe

A. B. Smith, L. B. Carle, F. G. Bixford, Casler

A. P. Lovett, G. H. Russell, H. Richardson, T. O. Howe

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COUNTY NEWS

BURR OAK

Burr Oak, Feb. 11.—Mrs. Seth Pope who has been caring for her mother the past two weeks in Edgerton returned home yesterday, being sick herself from the grippe, and overdoing it was necessary to bring her home in a closed back. This morning she seems better and all hope a few days rest will find her improving rapidly.

Miss Orrie Murwin is on the sick list with a touch of the grippe. Mrs. Jane Walker of Evansville is staying with her and we are glad to report she is on the mend.

Mr. Harry Langworthy had the misfortune to get his hand quite badly hurt last Friday. They were leading logs and one fell on his hand, nearly severing the second finger between the first and second joints.

Mrs. Grant Walworth, Miss Elsie Walworth, Mrs. Levi Hubbell and daughter took in the surprise on Mr. and Mrs. Flagler last Monday night. Between sixty and seventy-five guests were present and a right good time was had by all.

Miss Jennie McCarthy closed school on Tuesday to attend her cousin's funeral.

Mr. Smith of Albany and Mr. R. Kelley of Milton Junction were in this neighborhood Tuesday soliciting orders for farm machinery for the Osborn company. They met with fair success. Mr. Smith formerly worked for the Wards, Bushnell Co.

Mr. O. P. Murwin of Fulton was delivering books at the different district schools the first of this week and some of the teachers did not give him a very hearty welcome, fearing the wily book agent was abroad in our land again.

EAST UNION

East Union, Feb. 11.—Mr. and Mrs. Virgil Hopkins entertained about fifty friends at a card party last Saturday evening. All report a very enjoyable evening.

Mrs. C. C. Morrison of Leyden was a visitor at Leroy Robinson's last Saturday.

About forty of the Royal Neighbors met at Mrs. Wm. Klemm's who has been ill for some time and is considerably sewing for her.

Mr. Leo Campbell and family spent a pleasant evening at W. W. Gillies in Evansville last Monday.

The Free Baptists held a social at Josie Carpenter's last week, Thursday evening. About seventy-five were present and all report a most enjoyable evening.

Miss Lydia Larson is sick with the measles at the home of her sister, Mrs. Hans Hawkinson. Several of the young people of this vicinity attended the club dance at Evansville Saturday evening.

The soft weather of last week made the tobacco men wear pleasanter faces than they had been in the habit of doing this winter. A large per cent of the tobacco was taken down, and some of the crops have been sold. About seven cents seems to be the prevailing price, which in our judgment is not enough when you come to consider the amount of hard work and the risk the farmer takes in raising his crop.

LIMA CENTER

Lima Center, Feb. 11.—A very pretty home wedding occurred at the home of the bride's parents, about two miles north of the village, Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock, when Joseph B. Dickson of Osage, Iowa, and Elizabeth McCord were united in marriage in the presence of about 200 of their relatives and friends. Rev. Whitfield of the Presbyterian church officiating. A brother and sister of the groom acted the part of best man and the bridesmaid. Miss McCord carried a large bunch of roses and was prettily attired in white princess crepe. The bridegroom wore white organdie. The bride's presents were beautiful and in a measure they attested the high esteem in which she is held by her numerous friends. Mr. Dickson is a prosperous farmer of Osage, Iowa. Miss McCord is one of Lima's fairest young ladies, and many who rejoice in her happy prospects in life, greatly regret her removal from her old home and friends. Long and happy life is the wish of all.

Miss Ruth Howard of Madison was an over Sunday guest of her sister, Rachel at W. D. McCord's.

Orson Truman's many friends will be glad to hear that he was able to walk to Holbrook's store and back home again, the first of the week.

COUNTY LINE

Rock Prairie, Feb. 11.—The Young Ladies' Missionary society will meet Saturday afternoon, Feb. 13, with Miss Sadie Hadden.

Bert Wood and Walter Wilbur delivered their hogs in Janesville Wednesday.

Those living on the Milwaukee road between Mt. Zion and Janesville plowed out the road one day last week. It greatly improved it in some places.

Mr. and Mrs. Melvin Morse came up from Beloit Tuesday and are staying at Ira Crosby's. Mrs. Crosby's father, George Wausle is very poorly.

Iraah Wausle of Milton Junction was on the Prairie one day this week.

Henry Sweeney has had a very sick horse. Dr. Brown attended it.

BRODHEAD

Brodhead, Feb. 11.—Mr. Dan Moschler received word on Monday of the death of his father, Mr. Silas Moschler, which occurred at his home in Tarnow, Austria, at the age of 75 years. Mr. Moschler visited his father about three years ago.

Mrs. C. F. Dickey was summoned to Oxfordville Tuesday morning on account of the illness of Mrs. M. D. Beebe.

Carl Doolittle has resumed his studies at Rush Medical College in Chicago.

G. W. McNair of Milwaukee spent Sunday at home with his parents.

Mark Doolittle and Geo. Broughton went to Chicago Tuesday afternoon on business.

Miss Carrie Sawyer went to Janesville on Saturday afternoon to spend a few days with friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. T. Schenck are

school will give an entertainment consisting of recitations, singing, drills, instrumental music and plays, in the Footville hall, on Friday evening, Feb. 19th.

The proceeds are for the benefit of the new school organ and the teachers and pupils have spared no pains to make the program worthy of the attendance which is anticipated.

The school will be assisted by Sup't. Hemmingway, Mrs. Lees of Evansville, and by the best local talent.

Admission 25 and 15 cents. School principals and teachers will receive further notice as to special rates to school pupils.

AFTON

Afton, Feb. 11.—Miss Alma Brinkman returned to Bartlett, Ia., last Saturday after a six weeks visit with her parents here.

Mrs. John Klimmer spent last week with her sister, Mrs. Ed. Falter, in Janesville.

Mr. Frank Geesey was taken to Mendota asylum Wednesday to undergo a course of treatment for deranged mind.

Thos. Shelly is spending a few days with his parents north of this place. A social dancing party will be given in Brinkman's hall Friday, Feb. 16th.

The soft weather the last week gave our blacksmith some work, about the first he has had in about two months.

Mr. and Mrs. Peter Skelly spent last week with their son, Frank and family at Hinkley, Ill.

Mrs. John Stebbins is sick with heart trouble. Dr. Edden of Janesville is the attending physician.

Last Thursday evening Mr. and Mrs. George Geesey left for El Paso, Texas. The trip is taken for Mrs. Geesey's health. They expect to be gone until about next May.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Blunk have rented the Eldredge farm just south of here. F. R. Eldredge has left the homestead and rented the Geesey place.

Geo. Palmer is hauling straw from here to Janesville.

MILTON

Milton, Feb. 12.—College chapel was filled Tuesday evening by people who came to listen to President Daland's lecture on "London". The lecture was illustrated by fine stereoscopic views of the principal streets, bridges and buildings. The lantern recently purchased by the college was operated by Prof. A. E. Whitford. President Daland was well prepared for the lecture, having lived many years in London, and he kept the audience interested from start to finish with descriptions and stories of the famous buildings, like St. Paul's Cathedral, Westminster Abbey, Bank of England and such streets as Cornhill, St. Paul's churchyard, Old Bailey, etc.

Harry Koerner, who has been in charge of Clark's drug store in the proprietors absence, has accepted a position with a firm at Appleton.

O. Orcutt has been on the sick list a part of the week.

Manager Wells of the Telephone company was in Milwaukee attending the meeting of the independent Telephone companies.

In the suit recently begun in Janesville, in which J. J. Cunningham was defendant, it is proper to state that the defendant is not John Cunningham, but the brother-in-law of G. R. Boss of this village.

H. P. Clarke of Brodhead was in town Tuesday.

Miss Lucy M. Hall is visiting friends at Beloit.

Rural mail carriers have found it almost impossible to cover their twenty-eight-mile routes by daylight during the past week.

Mrs. C. B. Smith was called to Milwaukee Thursday by illness in the family of her son-in-law, Robert Skinner.

Mr. and Mrs. George Heydon were called to Black Earth Thursday by the death of Mr. Heydon's mother.

Policy holders in the insurance companies represented by E. P. Clarke and G. W. Coon need have no fear as to their ability to pay losses on account of the Baltimore fire. See statement of their surplus in another column.

Mrs. Ella Walroth of Mitchell, S. Dakota, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. Richardson.

BARKER'S CORNERS

Barker's Corners, Feb. 11.—The Ladies Aid Society will hold a Valentine social at the Grange hall next Monday night, February 15. Everybody come and enjoy social time. Ladies please bring boxes and two valentines alike. Remember the date February 15, next Monday evening.

Rev. J. H. Richards and wife spent a few days this week with W. H. Taylors.

Mrs. Ed. Kyse's baby is quite sick. We all hope it will be better in a few days.

Elder L. E. Warren spent a few days in this vicinity this week.

A large crowd of old and young people went to the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Flagler and surprised them last Monday night. The evening was spent in playing games and a good time was enjoyed by all. It was in the small hours of the morning when the jolly crowd returned to their homes.

The Ladies Aid Society will hold their Aid Society next Thursday, Feb. 18, with Mrs. John Flagler. There will be an auction there that day and no gentlemen are expected to be present as well as ladies.

The Newville Aid Society held a meeting this week Thursday with Mrs. Clark Kidder of our vicinity.

A certain young lady took advantage of leap year and asked one of our small young men down to see her Sunday. This astonished him wonderfully, as he being pretty near a stranger to her and having a date with his own little girl. But remember, if at first you don't succeed, try, try, again.

When you ask for Mrs. Austin's Pancakes, just upon having it, and say Mrs. Austin's and so on.

J. E. Gleason spent last Tuesday with Sharon friends.

Mrs. C. H. Jennings, Boston—"Our babies (twins), were sickly. Had several doctors, but no results. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea made them strong and robust." 35 cents. Tea or tablet form. A. Voiss' Pharmacy.

You will never tire of Mrs. Austin's Pancakes. A fresh supply now on hand at your grocer.

ONLY TO BREATHE IT

That's All You Have to Do With Hyomei.

Simple, But Will Surely Cure Your Catarrh.

First Day's Use of It Will Show Improvement.

It Cures Colds, Coughs, Catarrh, Grip, and Prevents Pneumonia -- Money Back if It Fails.

Hyomei is nature's own method for curing catarrh, colds, coughs and diseases of the respiratory organs. It is the only natural treatment for the cure of these troubles.

Breathed through the neat pocket inhaler that comes with every outfit, the air that passes into the throat and lungs, is identical with that on the mountains, where it is laden with healing and health-giving balsams. It searches out and kills disease germs in the most remote and minute air cells of the head, throat and lungs, it sooths and heals all irritation of the mucous membrane.

Hyomei is prescribed by physicians generally. Many of them use it themselves to break up a cold and prevent pneumonia.

The complete Hyomei outfit consists of a neat inhaler, that is so small and convenient that it can be carried in the pocket or purse, a medicine dropper and a bottle of Hyomei. This costs but \$1, and it will cure any ordinary case of catarrh. In chronic and deep seated conditions, longer use is necessary and extra bottles of Hyomei can be obtained for 50c, making it a most economical treatment for this disease.

The Peoples Drug company have so much confidence in the power of Hyomei to cure catarrh and other diseases of the throat and lungs that they sell it under their personal guarantee to refund the money to any purchaser in case it fails to give satisfaction. They take all the risk themselves, and Hyomei costs you absolutely nothing unless it does you good.

Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Provisions and Cotton Bought and Sold for Cash or on Margin.

405 JACKMAN BUILDING

JANESVILLE, WISCONSIN

Rock Co. 868, Long Distance 436

Daily Market Letter Mailed on Application

H. S. GOLT, Local Manager

LODGE CALENDAR.

Masonic.

Western Star Lodge, No. 14, F. and A. M.—1st and 3rd Tuesday.

Rock River Lodge, No. 35, F. and A. M.—2nd and 4th Monday.

Janesville Chapter, No. 5, H. A. M.—1st and 3rd Thursday.

Janesville Commandery, No. 2, K. A. M.—1st and 3rd Thursday.

Janesville Club, No. 60, O. E. M.—2nd and 4th Wednesday.

I. O. O. F.

Wisconsin Lodge, No. 14—Every Wed-

nesday.

Janesville City Lodge, No. 90—Every Tuesday.

Rock River Encampment, No. 8—1st

and 3rd Friday.

Caution Janesville, No. 8, Patriarchs

Militant, No. 26, and 4th Friday.

American Lodge, No. 26, and 4th Friday.

Social and Patriotic Club—1st Thursday.

Janesville Lodge, No. 171, D. of H.—2nd and 4th Thursday.

Catholic Knights of Wisconsin, Branch, No. 60—1st Sunday.

Eiks.

Janesville Lodge, No. 254—Every Tues-

day.

G. A. R.

W. H. Sargent Post, No. 2a—2nd and 4th Friday.

W. H. Sargent Corps, No. 21, W. H. C.—Every Alternate Tuesday.

Hibernians.

Division, No. 1, 2nd Sunday.

Knights of the Globe.

Janesville Garrison, No. 12—2nd and 4th Tuesday.

Knights of the Maccabees.

Rock River Temple, No. 51—1st and 3rd Monday.

Rock River Ilive, No. 71, Ladies of the Maccabees—1st and 3rd Monday.

Knights of Pythias.

Oridental Lodge, No. 22—Meets every Friday.

Modern Woodmen of America.

Florence Camp No. 383—2nd and 4th Monday.

Crystal Camp, No. 132—2nd and 4th Wednesday.

National Union

Janes

THE JANESEVILLE GAZETTE.

Entered at the post office at Janesville, Wisconsin, as second class mail matter.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

Daily Edition—By Carrier	\$1.00
One Year	\$1.00
One Month, cash in advance	50
One Year, cash in advance	50
Six Months, cash in advance	50
Three Months, cash in advance	50
Daily Edition—By Mail	1.25
CASH IN ADVANCE	
One Year	\$1.00
One Month	50
One Year, cash in advance	50
Six Months, cash in advance	50
Three Months, cash in advance	50
WEEKLY EDITION—One Year	1.50
Long Distance Telephone, No. 77	77.2
Business Office	77.3
Editorial Rooms	77.3



Generally fair tonight and Saturday, with rising temperature.

NOTICE TO PATRONS.

Subscribers will confer a favor by reporting to the office any neglect on the part of carrier boys in the delivery of the paper. The boys are instructed to put the paper in mail boxes wherever they are supplied, and to call "paper" on delivery.

GAZETTE PRINTING CO.

DOMESTIC TRADE.

The annual summary of domestic trade movements for 1903, as reported by the Department of Commerce and Labor through its Bureau of Statistics, indicates that the distinctive feature of the live-stock trade at interior markets was the lowering trend of prices compared with those of 1902. At the end of 1902 hogs averaged \$6.28 per hundred pounds at Chicago, compared with \$4.50 in 1903, in spite of a reduction in annual supply at five markets, from 18,753,104 head in 1901, to 15,614,139 head in 1902 and 15,014,811 head in 1903. Beef-cattle prices fell from \$37.50 in 1902, with receipts at four markets increasing for 7,224,467 head in 1901 to 7,710,559 head in 1902 and 8,326,058 head in 1903. The grand total of live stock received at the five markets—Chicago, Kansas City, St. Louis, Omaha, and St. Joseph—was 32,983,601 head in 1903, in contrast with 32,672,286 head in 1902, Portland, Tacoma, and Seattle together handled 1,495,018 barrels of flour for oriental shipment in the last six months of 1903, compared with 1,433,787 barrels in 1902.

In river traffic the Monongahela contributed 9,679,189 tons in 1903 and 9,586,686 tons in 1902, and 3,294,463 tons passed the Davis Island Dam in 1903.

Chicago Record-Herald: A St. Petersburg paper says: "Woe to Japan!" It is almost certain, however, that this war isn't going to be won for either side by the newspapers.

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El Paso Herald: Ginseng is developing as the Belgian hare craze did, or as any other get rich quick scheme does—it is paying big interest out of the first takings, and is bound to slump when the endless chain tries to swing free. The whole activity of the sang growers is now directed towards furnishing new recruits with plants and it is quite a profitable specialty. But it is not recorded that the market is yet being supplied with any cultivated root—the diggers of the wild sang seem able to keep up the demands.

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The Gazette is issuing several times a day bulletins from the seat of war. It is to be hoped that the news will continue to favor the Japs as it has in the past few days.

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terviewed. Remember that.

Coastwise traffic on the Great Lakes in 1903 amounted to 56,826,698 tons in 1902. Gains were made in grain from 130,700,987 bushels in 1902 to 165,192,225 bushels in 1903, in coal, from 8,255,117 net tons in 1902 (the year of the anthracite strike) to 13,346,343 tons in 1903. Iron ore receipts decreased from 27,898,424 gross tons in 1902 to 24,075,363 tons in 1903.

The month of largest freight receipts was June, when 8,414,086 net tons were reported. Of coal shipments, 13,328,026 net tons were sent to coastwise points and 6,654,218 tons to foreign points on the lake shores. Of coastwise shipments, 9,398,333 net tons were soft coal and 3,931,693 tons hard coal. Reports from 160 firms supplying bunker coal to steamers for their own consumption give 2,382,081 net tons as consumed during the season of 1903, compared with 2,660,759 tons in 1901. These figures are not included in shipments.

Sault Ste. Marie canal traffic reached a total of 34,674,437 net tons in 1903, of which 28,172,262 tons passed through the Sault Ste. Marie canal and 5,502,185 tons passed through the Canadian canal.

The average freight rate on wheat from Chicago to Buffalo was 1.41 cents per bushel, compared with 1.61 cents in 1902 and 1.42 cents in 1901.

Coastwise coal shipments from water piers reported during 1903 amounted to 27,777,790 tons, of which 18,040,094 tons were credited to New York, 6,215,321 tons to Philadelphia, 1,731,869 tons to Baltimore, and 1,790,479 tons to Newport News. Receipts of coal at Boston totaled 5,663,940 tons, of which 3,489,963 tons were bituminous and 2,173,977 tons anthracite. In 1902 4,280,209 tons were received.

Sixty-nine such districts report 8,196,995 net tons of bunker coal supplied to steamers for consumption during 1903, of which 4,662,067 tons, at an average of \$3.75 per ton, were at Atlantic coast ports; 574,094 tons, at \$3.82 per ton, on the Gulf coast; 578,763 tons, at \$4.73 per ton, on the Pacific coast; and 2,382,081 tons, at \$3.11 per ton, on the lake coast.

Sight receipts of cotton aggregated 7,035,665 bales to December 31, 1903.

5,201,952 bales received "at sea" board ports, 3,418,749 bales arrived at Gulf ports, and 1,783,203 bales at Atlantic ports. Grain receipts at New Orleans were 28,675,669 bushels (eleven months). Shipments at Galveston were 23,124,160 bushels for the year.

On the Pacific coast grain receipts at San Francisco for 1903 included 6,471,978 bushels of wheat, compared with 15,118,735 bushels in 1902. Portland, Tacoma, and Seattle together handled 1,495,018 barrels of flour for oriental shipment in the last six months of 1903, compared with 1,433,787 barrels in 1902.

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terviewed. Remember that.

Those Japs are certainly good on the quick dash question and in the distance runs should do good work.

Wait till that sugar beet factory is established then watch Janesville step to the front.

When that new lower bridge is built then Janesville can look up and do business.

Well anyway whose war correspondents have begun to get in their work.

Panama is resting easy and Colombia has ceased to buzz around as much as she did.

Madison is not losing any time by taking sugar beets to its farmer neighbors.

Dowle can now tell how he done it if he had been there.

Spain can appreciate the way Russia feels these nice wintry days.

Russia has lost considerably at first but the end is not in sight yet.

Beloit still has its own troubles when it comes to newspapers.

Trade is good and prices are high. Especially eggs.

Janesville is once more in line on Rockford marriages.

Honduras feared a rebellion and declared martial law.

The United States is certainly not pro Russia.

Now Mr. Bancroft do not get mad.

Who hit Winter Everett anyway?

PRESS COMMENT.

Milwaukee Sentinel: Gen. Reyes says he is going to Paris to labor against the sale of the Panama canal company's property to the United States. With whom? The company, which has no other customer, or the French government, which has recognized Panama's full rights?

Chicago Inter-Ocean: The one depressing feature of the Oriental war is the fact that the man who reads the bulletins aloud in the suburban train is uncertain whether it is Manchuria, Manchuria, or just plain Manchuria.

Oshkosh Northwestern: It is claimed that the production of beer in this country is sufficient to allow half a barrel on the average for every person in the land. No wonder that some people have to go without.

Hudson Star-Times: Jim Jeffries may point with pride to his record; but Jack Barleycorn has knocked out more champions than Jim Jeffries ever heard of.

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terviewed. Remember that.

Such a man is incapable of the cheap arts of that risky type of political orators who make appeals to the selfishness and prejudices of their hearers and aim to set class against class.

Dust in the Air.

Approaching the great centers of population the quantity of dust held in suspension by the air increases enormously. According to Sir James Crichton Browne, the air of London contains 150,000 proportional parts of dust to Paris' 210,000, while in Argyleshire, Scotland, there are only 200.

To Prevent Swearing.

An anti-swearing league has been formed at Hammersmith, London, which will appoint inspectors, whose duty it will be to warn, and afterward, if necessary, summon any person found swearing in the street.

Village in Volcano.

A little Japanese village, thirty miles from the town of Kumamoto, is situated in the center of a volcano, which may some day become active. The village, lying 900 feet below the top of the volcano, the walls of which are very steep, is quite hidden. Its 2,000 inhabitants seldom leave this place.

WANT ADS.

WANTED—Everyone who owns horses to sell or buy, horses at our closing out sale. J. H. Murray.

WANTED—Everyone to know that I—Tomoyu—coron, bangles and lagwring halls. No pain, no trouble, no awards. Price M. Jones, 4905, W. Milwaukee St., Milwaukee, Wis.

WANTED—by young lady—A place to board.

WANTED—by student attending school.

AWFUL FATE OF A TRAINED NURSE

MISS ROBINSON LOST BOTH HANDS AND FEET

THROUGH EXPOSURE IN COLD

Was Injured by a Fall, and Wandered from Montecello, Illinois, Into Country—Known Here.

Lying on a cot in the Presbyterian hospital in Chicago, hovering between life and death, is Miss Ella Robinson, a graduate of the Illinois Training School for Nurses, and who but for a mere chance would now be in Janesville following her chosen profession. As it is now if Miss Robinson recovers from her present illness she will go through the rest of her life minus her hands and feet, both having been amputated last Tuesday in the vain hope of saving her life.

Awful Accident

Last December Miss Robinson was to have come to Janesville to take the place of Miss Walters, her special chum and friend. At the last minute she decided to remain in Chicago and do general work in her chosen line, that of nursing. Early in January she was sent to Montecello on a case. The weather was extremely cold and deep snow lay upon the ground when she arrived in the Illinois city. About two weeks ago she telephoned to the physician in charge of the case that her patient was entirely out of medicine and asked that more be sent at once. The physician answered he had no one to send and asked Miss Robinson to come for it.

He: Experience

Miss Robinson went to the office, secured the medicine and started home. As she was leaving the office building she slipped and fell to the ice pavement. A passerby saw her and assisted her to her feet. She said she was all right and proceeded towards her patient's home. This was three o'clock in the afternoon. From that time until she was found seven miles from the city almost frozen to death in a snow-bank nothing was known of her. Her non-arrival at the residence of her patient caused an alarm to be sent in and a hundred and forty men marched the next morning and until eight o'clock the next morning before she was found.

Badly Frozen

Her hands and feet were both frozen and her body was covered with white spots, showing that her exposure had caused her untold suffering. The physicians in charge of the Presbyterian hospital immediately sent two trained nurses to her bedside and she was removed to Chicago where the best of medical attendance was given her. Tuesday last her hands and feet were amputated as the only means of saving her life.

Known Here

Miss Robinson is well known here. Mrs. Baker, who has charge of the Palmer hospital, knew her in Chicago and they are both graduates of the same school. She graduated three years ago and up to December last was assistant superintendent in charge of the clinic work of the Rush Medical college. She resigned her position at that time and expected to come to Janesville to live and take up Miss Walter's work. Miss Walters having to go to La Crosse. Miss Theurer, also a trained nurse, also knew her in Chicago and was grieved to know of her sad accident.

ST. MARY'S COURT DANCING PARTY

Ladies Catholic Order of Foresters Give a Delightful Dance at Central Hall.

Evening a most successful dancing party took place at Central Hall given under the auspices of the Woman's Catholic Order of Foresters, No. 175, St. Mary's Court. There were fully three hundred couples present and all spent a most enjoyable evening.

Prof. John Smith's orchestra furnished the music and the party broke up shortly after the midnight hour. Much credit is due the following committees for the manner in which they handled their guests:

Committee of arrangements—Miss Ellen Doran, Miss Margaret Ward, Mrs. Morris, Mrs. Nash, Mrs. Marshall and Mrs. McCue.

Reception committee—Miss Annie Feeley, Miss Alice Clark, Miss Agnes Crook, Mrs. Brennan, Mrs. McCaffrey, Mrs. Fox, Mrs. Dooley, Mrs. Hayes, Mrs. Cunningham, Mrs. Schmidley, Mrs. Ryan and Mrs. Hogan.

Floor committee—Ed. Connell, Al. Norton, Ed. Ryan, Will Ryan, Thos. Baker, Ed. Jerg, Lou Schmidley, John George, John Lyons, Dr. McCarthy.

CURRENT NEWS NOTES

Initiated Members: Ben Hur Court No. 1 of the Tribe of Ben Hur initiated three candidates for membership last evening. Cards were played and refreshments served at the conclusion of the session.

Holding His Own: In answer to an inquiry this afternoon it was learned that little Griffith Pierce is holding his own. He has regained consciousness and hopes of his complete recovery from the bayonet wound are now entertained.

MACCABEES PLAN OYSTER SUPPER MONDAY EVENING

Knights and Ladies and Their Families Will Enjoy Pleasant Time.

Next Monday evening, February 15, the tents of the K. O. T. M. and the L. O. T. M. will join in an oyster supper immediately following the business session. The wives and husbands are invited to be present.

LAID IN LAST RESTING PLACE

Mrs. Thomas Pankhurst

This morning at 9:15 o'clock the funeral services over the remains of the late Mrs. Thomas Pankhurst were held at St. Patrick's church, Rev. James McGinnity officiating.

There was a large gathering of sympathizing friends and neighbors present at the last sad rites. The floral designs were numerous and beautiful.

DRAYMAN BREAKS SLEIGH: William Ward, one of the draymen, broke one of the runners of his sleigh this morning while trying to turn around on North River street in front of the west side fire station.

Fire Alarm: At 3:45 box 51 called the department to Nolans' grocery store on West Milwaukee street. The cellar and store was filled with smoke, but the fire out call came a few moments later.

REV. HATCH IS AN ELOQUENT SPEAKER

Many Trace Similarity in Style to His Distinguished Grandfather—Nightly Meetings at Baptist Church.

Unusual interest is being manifested in the nightly services being conducted at the First Baptist church this week by Rev. F. W. Hatch of Eau Claire. His sermons are persuasive and eloquent and many trace in his method and style a similarity and likeness to his distinguished grandfather, Rev. W. G. Hodge, who was formerly pastor of the local church. The meetings are held at half-past seven every evening.

LODGE MEETINGS TONIGHT

Olive Branch, No. 36, United Workers, meet at hall.

People's Lodge, No. 460, I. O. G. T., at Good Templars' hall.

W. H. Sargent Post, No. 26, G. A. R., at Grand Army hall.

Cigarmakers' Union at Assembly hall.

Women's Union Label league at Assembly hall.

FUTURE EVENTS

Prof. Theodore Lyman Wright lectures at high school on "Types of Medusa and Niki" Friday afternoon, Feb. 12.

First and second high school basketball teams play Harvard and Y. M. C. A. Friday evening, February 12. The May Davenport Burlesque Co. at Myers theatre Tuesday evening, February 16.

BRIEF BITS OF LOCAL NEWS

Valentines at Shelly's. Pork sausage, 9c lb. Nash.

7 lbs. prunes, 25c. Lowell.

Free embroidery lessons from the 15th to the 20th of February at Toal & Laudlow's.

Dill pickles. Munger.

The finest Italian olive oil on earth. Nash.

Fine Carolina rice, 6 lbs. for 25c. Munger.

4 lbs. evaporated apples, 25c. Lowell.

\$12 ladies' cloaks for \$4.

25 lbs. ladies' cloaks for \$5.

At our special clearing sale. T. T. Burns.

\$1 w¹ purchase a good teacher's bible; million type, at Sutherland's book store. The same indexed at \$1.50.

Large navel oranges, pk. 25c. Munger.

Get your Sunday meat order in early. Nash.

Cheaper than apples, 20c a peck. Taylor Bros.

Ashland's Best, a high grade patent flour, \$1.15. Lowell.

\$1.50 will buy a teacher's bible in brevier type.

The same indexed at \$2. Sutherland's book store.

22 lbs. best granulated sugar, \$1. Lowell.

Fancy navel oranges, pk. 35c. Munger.

The finest meats at lowest prices. Nash.

7 lbs. sweet potatoes, 25c. Lowell.

T. P. Burns is away on business. Jelycon, Jello, and Bromangelon.

Best California navel oranges, all sizes, 35c peck. Lowell.

Attend our special sale of winter goods. T. P. Burns.

Oranges, 30c a peck. Taylor Bros.

The ladies of the Central Methodist church will hold an apron sale and colonial supper Saturday evening, Feb. 20th, in the parlors of the Court street church. Supper, 25c; hours, 5 to 8; the public is cordially invited to patronize us. All members and friends of the church are requested to remain after supper for sociability and to get acquainted.

Fresh cream. Nash.

The finest peanut butter. Nash.

Fancy navel oranges, 30c pk. tomorrow. Taylor Bros.

Cornier Stone, the best patent flour on earth, \$1.25 sack. Nash.

The best 50c tea on earth.

The best 25c coffee on earth.

NASH.

22 lbs. granulated sugar, \$1. Lowell.

22 lbs. Gran. sugar, \$1. Winslow.

22 lbs. Gran. sugar, \$1. Winslow.

Goden Palace flour, the best made. Winslow.

1 gal. pail table syrup, 25c. Winslow.

3 lbs. can solid packed tomatoes, 7c. Winslow.

Plenty of oranges cheap, and a few fresh eggs. E. R. Winslow.

C. & N. W. EMPLOYEE INJURED YESTERDAY

SHE DENIES THE SOFT IMPEACHMENT

Kittie Arnold of Beloit, Says She Came to Janesville for Clothes—

Not to See Minstral Man.

Miss Kittie Arnold takes exception to some of the statements made by the Janesville police concerning her experience in the theatre in that city Tuesday evening. Miss Arnold says that she came to Janesville to get some clothes belonging to her which a Harvard young woman took from her home. She disclaims any intention of running away.

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Dr. W. O. Carrier, president of Carroll college at Waukesha, will occupy the pulpit at the Presbyterian church on Sunday next. President Carrier has recently been appointed president of the college, having formerly been pastor of the Hildon Avenue Presbyterian church in Chicago.

Mr. and Mrs. Dell Hatton, who have lived in the town of Plymouth near Hanover, leave Tuesday next for Michigan where they will reside in the future. Mr. Hatton was a fruit farm which he will give some attention.

NEWS OF A PERSONAL NATURE

Bert Button of Milton Junction transacted business in the city today.

Miss Bourgmeier and Miss Tessie Gibbons left on the 12:30 train over the Chicago & North-Western road today for an extended visit at New Orleans and other southern cities.

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WHY AMERICA IS MUCH INTERESTED

EASTERN WAR MUCH DISCUSSED IN UNITED STATES.

Was instrumental in developing the Resources of Japan—Opened the Ports to the World

To the Editor: Just at this time so many people are asking why the people of the United States are so vitally interested in the Japanese-Russian war, that I have sent you the enclosed clipping from the New York Commercial and Advertiser, which I think will explain to many our intense interest in the eastern situation.

America has a peculiar sentimental interest in the impending war. Japan, one of the principals, she, through Commodore Perry, introduced to the western world, and it was another of her naval officers, Commodore Shufeldt, who opened the Manchurian ports to our trade. Russia, master of Korea, would hardly acknowledge rights thereto granted by China, nor is there anything in her history to warrant belief that she would then make with us such treaties as give our trade entrance to Korea.

In this aspect Russia threatens to undo much of the work which we have done for commerce in the far east. Our stand for the open door in China after the Boxer uprising was on the policy put into effect by Commodore Perry in Japan forty-seven years before, and by Commodore Shufeldt in Korea twenty-two years ago. In all of these cases the United States acted as pioneer for the western nations. The eclat of Perry's intrusion upon Japan and the recentness of our last negotiations with China keep these achievements fresh in the public mind, but the success of Shufeldt in bringing the hermit kingdom into the family of nations under the auspices of the young republic of the west was no less noteworthy, and is worth recalling now that the integrity of Korea is in the balance, whatever the result of the struggle on her soil.

England, in 1830, was the first western power to attempt to break into the seclusion of Korea. The failure of that expedition was followed by the massacre of a few foreign missionaries who had gained a foothold in the country, chiefly French priests. A punctilious force sent by France in 1836 met with disaster, and soon after, by a British company, chartered by a British company, suffered the same fate. Five years later, the American minister to China took five of our naval vessels to Korea, but though his mission was peaceful the ships were fired on by the forces at Chemulpo, and the attempt was abandoned after 250 Koreans had been killed in retaliation. Japan succeeded in 1875 in effecting a treaty of intercourse and commerce with Korea, and Russia, from which it could best be preserved by abandoning its seclusion and seeking friends in the west. Unfortunate country, for forty centuries the embryo of a nation—Korea, land of the morning calm, that was brought into the family of nations only to become a stage for war!

A. E. F.

"White Coal."

Electricity secured from the mountain streams of France is poetically referred to as "white coal."

BY N. W. H.

AND MRS. PARKER LEAVE ON TRIP SOUTH

WILL VISIT IN NEW ORLEANS AND HAVANA, CUBA, FOR THREE WEEKS.

Mr. and Mrs. George S. Parker expected to leave today for a three weeks' trip in the south. They will arrive in New Orleans during the Mardi Gras festival and will also visit the island of Cuba. The Parker Pen Co. has a large agency at Havana.

YESTERDAY

AT THE

LOWELL'S.

California white figs, 3 lbs. 25c

Sour Kraut, qt. 8c

</

The Mississippi Bubble

By EMERSON HOUGH

Author of "The Story of the Cowboy," "The Girl of the Halfway House," Etc.

(Copyright, 1903, by Emerson Hough)

CHAPTER XLII.

THAT WHICH REMAINED.

As for John Law, all through that fatal day which meant for him the ruin of his ambitions, he continued in the icy calm which, for days past, had distinguished him. He discontinued his ordinary employments, and spent some hours in sorting and destroying numbers of papers and documents. His faithful servant, the Swiss, Henri, he commanded to make ready his apparel for a journey.

"At six this evening," said he, "Henri, we shall be ready to depart. Let us be quite ready well before that time."

"Monsieur is leaving Paris?" asked the Swiss, respectfully.

"Quite, so."

"Perhaps for a stay of some duration?"

"Quite so, indeed, Henri."

"Then, sir," expostulated the Swiss, "it would require a day or so for me to properly arrange your luggage."

"Not at all," replied Law. "Two valises will suffice, not more, and I shall perhaps not need even these."

"Not all the apparel, the many coats, the jewels—"

"Do not trouble over them."

"But what disposition shall I make—"

"None at all! Leave all these things as they are. But stay—this package which I shall prepare for you—take it to the regent, and have it marked in his care and for the parliament of France."

Law raised in his hands a bundle of parchments, which one by one he tore across, throwing the fragments into a basket as he did so.

"The seat of Tancarville," he said. "The estate of Berville; the Hotel Mazurin; the lands of Bourget; the Marquisat of Charleville; the lands of Orcher; the estate of Rosisy-Gail; what a number of them I find."

"But, monsieur," expostulated the Swiss, "what is that you do? Are these not your possessions?"

"Not so, mon ami," replied Law. "They once were mine. They are estates in France. Take back these deeds. Dead Sully may have his own again, and each of these late owners of the lands. I wished them for a purpose. That purpose is no longer possible, and now I wish them no more. Take back your deeds, my friends, and bear in your minds that John Law tore them in two, and thus canceled the obligation."

"But the moneys you have paid—they are enormous. Surely you will exact restitution?"

"Sirrah, could I not afford these moneys?"

"Admirably at the time," replied the Swiss, with the freedom of long service. "But for the future, what do we know? Besides, it is a matter of right and justice."

"Ah, mon ami," said Law, "right and justice are no more. But since you speak of money, let us take precautions as to that. We shall need some money for our journey. See, Henri! Take this note and get the money which it calls for. But no! The crowd may be too great. Look in the drawer of my desk yonder, and take out what you find."

The Swiss did as he was bidden, but at length returned with troubled face.

"Monsieur," said he, "I can find but 100 pounds."

"Put half of it back," said Law.

"We shall not need so much."

"But, monsieur, I do not understand."

"We shall not need more than 50 pounds. That is enough. Leave it where you found it."

"But for whom? Does monsieur soon return?"

"No. Leave it for him who may be first to find it. These dear people without, these same people whom I have enriched, and who now will claim that I have impoverished them—these people will demand of me everything that I have. As a man of honor I cannot deny them. They shall have every jot and stiver of the property of John Law; even the million or so of good coin which he brought here to Paris with him. The coat on my back, the wheels beneath me, gold enough to pay for the charges of the inns through France—that is all that John Law will take away with him."

For some time silence reigned in the great room, as Law, deeply engaged in the affairs before him, buried himself in the mass of scattered books and papers. Hour after hour wore on, and at last he turned from his employment. His face showed calm pale, and furrowed with a sadness which till now had been foreign to it. He arose at last, and with a sweep of his arm pushed back the papers which lay before him.

"There," said he. "This should conclude it all. It should all be plain enough now to those who follow."

"Monsieur is weary," mentioned the faithful attendant. "He would have some refreshment."

"Presently, but I think not here, Henri. My household is not all so faithful as yourself, and I question if we could find cool or servants for the table below. No, we are to leave Paris to-night, Henri, and it is well the journey should begin. Get you down to the stables, and, if you can, have my best coach brought to the front door."

"It may not be quite safe, if monsieur will permit me to suggest."

"Perhaps not. These fools are so deep in their folly that they do not know their friends. But safe or not,

that is the way I shall go. We might slip out through the back door, but 'tis not thus John Law will go from Paris. The servant departed, and Law, left alone, sat silent and motionless, buried in thought. Now and again his head sank forward, like that of one who has received a deep hurt. But again he drew himself up sternly, and so remained, not leaving his seat nor turning toward the window, beyond which could now be heard the sound of shouting, and cries whose confused and threatening tones might have given ground for the gravest apprehension. At length the Swiss again reported, much agitated and shaken from his ordinary self-control.

"Monsieur," said he, "come. I have at last the coach at the door. Hasten, monsieur; a crowd is gathering. Indeed, we may meet violence."

"Then," said Law, "let us go."

He rose, and scarce looking behind him, even to see that his orders to the servant had been obeyed, he strode down the vast stairway of the great hotel, past many precious works of art, between walls hung with richest tapestries and noble paintings. The click of his heel on a chance bit of polished marble here and there echoed hollow, as though indeed the master of the palace had been abandoned by all his people. The great building was silent, empty.

Without, but the door's thickness from where he stood, there arose a tumult of sound, shouts, cries, imprecations, entreaties, as though the walls of some asylum for the unfortunate had broken away and allowed its inmates to escape unrestrained, irreclaimable, impossible to control.

"Down with Jean L'as! Down with Jean L'as!" rose a cadenced, rhythmic shout, the accord of a mob of Parisians beating into its tones. And this steady burden was broken by the cry of "Enter! Enter! Break down the door! Kill the monster! Assassin! Thief! Traitor!" No word of the vocabulary of scorn and loathing was wanting in their cries.

He was met by a rush of excited men and women, screaming, cursing, giving vent to inarticulate and indistinguishable speech. A man laid his hand upon his shoulder. Law caught the hand, and with a swift wrench of the wrist, threw the owner of it to the ground. At this the others gave back, and for half a moment silence ensued. The mob lacked just the touch of rage to hurl themselves upon him. He raised his hand and motioned them aside.

"Down with Jean L'as! Down with Jean L'as!" came the recurrent cry.

The coachman was pulled from his box. The horses, plunging with terror, were cut loose from the pole and led away. With shouts and cries of rage, one madman vied with another in tearing, cutting and destroying the vehicle, until it stood there ruined, without means of locomotion, defaced and useless. And still the ring of desperate humanity closed around him who had late been master of all France.

"What do you want, my friends?" asked he, calmly, as for an instant there came a lull in the tumult. He stood looking at them curiously now, his dulling eyes regarding them as though they presented some new and interesting study. "What is it that you desire?" he repeated.

"We want our money," cried a score of voices. "We want back that which you have stolen."

"You are not exact," replied Law, calmly. "I have not your money, nor yet have I stolen it. If you have suffered by this foolish panic, you do not mend matters by thus treating me. By heaven, you go the wrong way to get anything from me! Out of the way, you call! Do you think to frighten me? I made your city. I made you all. Now, do you think to mock me? Catharine!"

The unspeakable yearning of the cry went to the heart of her who heard it. She put out a hand and laid it on his forehead. The Swiss motioned toward the house. And even as the officer wheeled his troop to depart, these two again ascended the steps, half carrying between them a stumbling man, who but repeated mumbly to himself the same words:

"Mockery! Mockery!"

(To be Continued.)

Homeseekers' Excursions to the Northwest, West and Southwest, and Colonial Low Rate West, via the North-Western Line. Excursion tickets at greatly reduced rates are on sale to the territory indicated above. Standard and tourist sleeping cars, tree reclining chair cars and "The best of everything." For dates of sale and full particulars apply to agents Chicago & North-Western Ry.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY Take Laxative Bismuth Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Groves' signature is on each box. 25c.

Round Trip Excursion Tickets to Platteville, Wis.

Via the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Ry. for the Wisconsin Dairy men's convention at Platteville, special reduced excursion tickets will be sold February 9, 10 and 11. Return limit until Feb. 13, 1904.

If the Baby is Cutting Teeth Biscuits and tea that old and well tried remedy. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the bowels, all pain, cures wind colic, and a host remedy for Diarrhoea. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

To California in a Tourist Sleeper Quite, comfortable and inexpensive via Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway. A double berth Chicago to San Francisco, San Jose, Santa Barbara or Los Angeles costs only \$7. If you are contemplating a trip to the Pacific coast it is worth your while to call on ticket agents C. M. & St. P. Ry. for folder, etc.

"Oh, very well, my friends," resumed the object of their fury, flicking again with his old, careless gesture at the deep cuff of his wrist. "As you like in regard to that. More than one man has offered me that happiness in the past, yet it was many a long year since any man could trouble me by announcing that he was about to kill me."

Something in the attitude of the man stayed the hands of the most dangerous members of the mob. Yet ever there came the cry from back of them. "Down with Jean L'as! He has ruined everything!"

There came a sound of far-off cries, a distant clacking of hoofs, the clatter

RAILWAYS WIN ANTI-TRUST SUIT

SLIDING PENALTY IS UNFAIR

Section 5,002 is Declared to Be in Contravention of the Constitution of the United States—Also Holds Indictment is Imperfect.

Waterloo, Ia., Feb. 12.—In a decision sustaining a demurrer in the case of the State of Iowa against the Illinois Central, Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific, and Great Western railroads, indicted under a charge of conspiracy in fixing the amount of demurrage charges, Judge Franklin C. Platt of the district court declared the Iowa trust law unconstitutional and finds for the defendants.

"It would so seem. They have destroyed my carriage, and they would have killed me," replied Law. "But I perceive it is Capt. Mirabeau. 'Twas I who got you your commission, as you may remember."

"'Tis it so?" replied the other, with a grim. "I have no recollection. Since you are Jean L'as, the late director general, the pity is I did not let the people kill you. You are the cause of the ruin of us all, the cause of my own ruin. Three days more, and I had been much more general. I had nearly the sum in actions ready to pay over at the right place. By our lady of grace, I am minded to run you through myself, for a greater villain never set foot in France!"

"As you like. But most of all, I am now very weary. I would not remain here longer talking. Henri, where are you?"

The faithful Swiss, who had remained close to his employer all the time, and who had been not far from his side during the scenes just concluded, was in a moment at his side. He hardly reached his master too soon, for as he passed his arm about him, the head of Law sank wearily forward. He might, perhaps, have sunk to the ground had he lacked a supporting arm.

At this moment there came again the sound of hoofs upon the pavement. There was the rush of a mounted officer, and hard after him sped the horses of a carriage, whose driver pulled up close at the curb and scarce clear of the little group gathered there. The door of the coach was opened, and at it appeared the figure of a woman, who quickly descended from the step.

"What is it?" she cried. "Is not this the residence of Monsieur Law?" The officer saluted, and the few loafers gave back and made room, as she stepped fully into the street and advanced with decision toward those whom she saw.

"Madam," replied the Swiss, "this is the residence of Monsieur L'as, and this is Monsieur L'as himself. I fear he is taken suddenly ill."

The lady stepped quickly to his side. As she did so, Law, as one not fully hearing, half raised his head. He looked full into her face, and releasing himself from the arms of his servant, stood thus, staring directly at the visitor, his face haggard, his fixed eyes bearing no sign of actual recognition.

"Catharine! Catharine!" he exclaimed. "Oh, God, how cruel of you to mock me! Catharine!"

The unspeakable yearning of the cry went to the heart of her who heard it. She put out a hand and laid it on his forehead. The Swiss motioned toward the house. And even as the officer wheeled his troop to depart, these two again ascended the steps, half carrying between them a stumbling man, who but repeated mumbly to himself the same words:

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"What is it?" she cried. "Is not this the residence of Monsieur Law?" The officer saluted, and the few loafers gave back and made room, as she stepped fully into the street and advanced with decision toward those whom she saw.

"Madam," replied the Swiss, "this is the residence of Monsieur L'as, and this is Monsieur L'as himself. I fear he is taken suddenly ill."

The lady stepped quickly to his side. As she did so, Law, as one not fully hearing, half raised his head. He looked full into her face, and releasing himself from the arms of his servant, stood thus, staring directly at the visitor, his face haggard, his fixed eyes bearing no sign of actual recognition.

"Catharine! Catharine!" he exclaimed. "Oh, God, how cruel of you to mock me! Catharine!"

The unspeakable yearning of the cry went to the heart of her who heard it. She put out a hand and laid it on his forehead. The Swiss motioned toward the house. And even as the officer wheeled his troop to depart, these two again ascended the steps, half carrying between them a stumbling man, who but repeated mumbly to himself the same words:

"Mockery! Mockery!"

At this moment there came again the sound of hoofs upon the pavement. There was the rush of a mounted officer, and hard after him sped the horses of a carriage, whose driver pulled up close at the curb and scarce clear of the little group gathered there.

READY TO VOTE
ON CANAL PACT

LARGE SUM IS TO GO ABROAD

Frenchmen Revoke Orders to Invest the Money in American Securities. Fearing Effect of Russo-Japanese War on the Stock Exchange.

Washington, Feb. 12.—Senator Culom, who has charge of the Panama canal treaty in the Senate, was rewarded in his efforts to expedite ratification of the treaty by an agreement reached which assured a vote on the treaty before Feb. 23. As a result of an understanding between the Republican and Democratic leaders in the Senate a final arrangement will be made by which a day shall be named for the vote, the maximum time being fixed as before mentioned.

There is no question that the majority of the Democrats will vote for the treaty, assuring its ratification, and in the light of that fact there is general disposition to shorten the debate, and enable the Senate to proceed with other business.

Prepare to Begin Work.

With the treaty as good as ratified, the attention of officials is now directed to carrying out the stipulations of the treaty and the requirements of the Spooner act. Practical measures for actual commencement of the work on the canal are next in order.

The President will announce the Isthmian canal commission as soon as the treaty is ratified. Among its members it is expected will appear the name of Isham Randolph of Chicago. Under the law the Isthmian canal commission will have complete charge of all matters in connection with the construction of the canal.

Will Expend Millions.
The first practical step will be to pay \$40,000,000 to the new Panama Canal Company and secure title to the property. The Department of Justice has arranged all preliminaries for taking over the title, and representatives of the new Panama Canal company are in the city to receive the money.

The Treasury Department is accumulating in ten national banks in New York city the \$50,000,000 to be paid out as a result of the legislation. The money is being withdrawn from national banks throughout the country, where it has been on deposit. The Republic of Panama will receive \$10,000,000, but it is said that only \$2,000,000 will go to the Isthmus, as arrangements are being made to invest the balance in securities in this country.

Money Going to France.
According to the statement of a representative of the new Panama Canal company more cash is going out of the country than was at first anticipated. It was reported that the holdings of the stockholders of the new Panama Canal Company had largely been transferred to financial interests of this country. This is said to be a mistake, and that in point of fact at least \$30,000,000 will be transferred to France, either in actual cash or exchange.

It is true that French stockholders have given power of attorney to American financiers to invest about \$10,000,000 in American securities, but a private cablegram from Paris intimated that the Eastern war scare has so unsettled financial conditions abroad that the French might cancel their orders for American securities and insist upon having the cash.

Foss Answers Gorman.
Naval Construction Comes Ahead of Internal Improvements.

Washington, Feb. 12.—In the report on the naval appropriation bill to the House by Chairman Foss of the naval affairs committee, the gauntlet thrown down by Senator Gorman in his announced policy of internal improvements in place of naval construction is taken up with vigor. The report says: "The committee recommended the construction of more than the usual number of cruisers in view of the fact that last year we provided for five large battle ships. This will give a better proportion to our navy. If we judge public sentiment, it is in favor of the continuance of the policy of building up our navy. If we stopped now we would be left behind the leading countries of the world. The American people will not endorse the policy of sacrificing the American navy for internal improvements; nor is there any such necessity. The American people are not willing to lessen their influence on this hemisphere, nor forsake their interests on the other." The report gives in detail, illustrated with colored plates, the strength of the various navies of the world. The total amount of the bill is \$26,338,038.

WOMEN DEMAND RIGHTS.

Enter Vigorous Protest Against Taxation Without Representation.

Washington, Feb. 12.—The thirty-sixth annual convention of the National American Woman's Suffrage association was called to order by Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt, the national president, with over thirty states represented. The main interest in the proceedings centered in the adoption of a "woman's bill of rights," presented by Mrs. Ida Husted Harper. This declaration sets forth that "though our foremothers bore an equal part in the revolution, its triumph brought to them no added rights, and through all the following century and a quarter taxation without representation has been 'continuously imposed on women by an great tyranny as King George exercised over the American colonists.' It protests against the injustice of nonrepresentation of women in the affairs of the nation in view of the billions of dollars on which they pay taxes, and demands for the

600,000 wage-earning women of the country the same protection of the ballot as is possessed by the wage-earning men. It also demands the ballot for the women of our foreign possessions on the same terms as to the men, and that the women of the United States no longer shall suffer from the degradation of being held not so competent to exercise the suffrage as a Filipino, a Hawaiian or a Porto Rican man. In brief, it is demanded that all constitutional and legal barriers shall be removed which deny to woman any individual right or personal freedom which they grant to men.

Reports on Trusts.

Washington, Feb. 12.—The case against the Northern Securities Company is the only one of the actions against trusts which has been considered by the Attorney General to be of such "general public importance" as to entitle it to precedence over other litigations. This statement was made to the House in a report signed by Acting Attorney General W. A. Day in response to a resolution of inquiry as to the present status of the various pending suits against the trusts. In giving this status Mr. Day reports on nine other suits pending, including the actions against the beef combine, railroads, the salt trust and the wholesale grocers of Florida. The case against the Chesapeake and Ohio and the New Haven and Hartford railroads, omitted from earlier reports, is given in detail.

Criticize Presidents.

Washington, Feb. 12.—President Roosevelt, as well as a number of former presidents, were criticized by senators in a debate during the executive session, for influence used in regard to the actions of the senate. Senator Teller started the criticism by declaring that President Roosevelt had encroached on the senate in regard to the making of federal appointments. Several Republicans agreed with Senator Teller, and the political phase was eliminated by bringing into the disapproval the administrations of Cleveland and McKinley. The Cuban and Panama treaties were cited as instances in which the present senate has not been left free to deal with affairs according to individual judgment.

GOV. DURBIN ORDERS PRISONER RETURNED

Commands Sheriff Smith of Bedford to Take McDonald Back to Scene of Murder.

Indianapolis, Feb. 12.—Gov. Durbin has addressed a message to Sheriff Smith of Bedford, directing that James McDonald, charged with the murder of Miss Sarah C. Schafer, a schoolteacher at Bedford, be removed from the Jeffersonville reformatory with only such delay as may be necessary to perfect arrangements for the protection of the prisoner. The governor does not anticipate a demonstration of mob violence.

The governor says that he seriously doubts the advisability of spiriting a cased man in custody should stand his ground against the menace of public outbreak, with the announcement that he proposed, with the assistance of a sufficient force of armed deputies, to maintain the supremacy of the law, and if attacked to inflict such penalties as would prevent a recurrence.

He believes an official having an accused man in custody should stand his ground against the menace of public outbreak, with the announcement that he proposed, with the assistance of a sufficient force of armed deputies, to maintain the supremacy of the law, and if attacked to inflict such penalties as would prevent a recurrence.

The woman was arrested, and, as Justice of the Peace Dutz of Ben Avon could not go outside of the borough to conduct the hearing, the dying woman was taken to his residence in a carriage. The carriage was stopped on the borough lines and the testimony of witnesses was taken in the road in front of his home.

After the preliminary hearing the woman was taken to the jail and had to be carried in a chair to her cell. Her husband probably will die and the woman is not expected to live more than a few days.

Two Children Are Cremated.

Superior, Wis., Feb. 12.—Two children of John E. Butler, aged 3 and 5 years, were cremated in his home on Elmira avenue. The mother had left them alone in the house. The flames originated from a stove.

Oppose Women in Shops.

New York, Feb. 12.—War has been declared by the Amalgamated Meat Cutters and Butchers' Workers of North America upon women employed in butcher shops in this city.

Child Is Burned to Death.

Niles, O., Feb. 12.—One child of Joseph Hoover was burned to death in a fire due to ignition of gasoline on a skirt. Mrs. Hoover was cleaning.

Examiner Closes Bank.

Syracuse, N. Y., Feb. 12.—The American Exchange National bank of this city has been closed by National Bank Examiner Josiah Van Vranken.

Big Wheat Crop in Chile.

Valparaiso, Chile, Feb. 12.—The wheat crops in the southern provinces are likely to satisfy the most sanguine expectations.

NEW ORDERS TO FRENCH NAVY

Cruisers at Corse Directed to Join Squadron at Indo-China.

Paris, Feb. 12.—Orders have been cabled to the commanders of the Paix and De Gueydon, the French cruisers now in Corse or Japanese waters, to proceed to Indo-China,

where they will form part of the French squadron there.

The French torpedo boat destroyers, Plastre, Javeline, Mousquet, and Fronde, are reported to have been ordered to the far east.

The submarine boat Perle is being made ready for transportation to the far east on board a cruiser.

Mrs. G. E. Bressee, Mrs. Ed. Kemmer and Mrs. E. D. Roberts went to Rockford this morning.

SPARKS FROM THE WIRE

A quasi epidemic of typhoid fever exists in Watertown, N. Y. Health officers state there are between 150 and 200 cases in the city and the two public hospitals are crowded to overflowing.

The steamship City of Columbus was launched at Peach's shipyards at Chester, Pa. Two previous attempts had been made to launch the vessel, but both times the steamship stuck on the ways.

Major Patrick Mullins of Butte, Mont., has begun suit for damages of \$20,000 against Alderman John Gleeson of the same city. The suit grows out of two alleged defamatory communications addressed to the council and which led to impeachment proceedings against the mayor.

John Dotson, who has been on trial at Missoula, Mont., for the alleged murder of Frank O'Dell has been acquitted. The jury was out five hours. Dotson was alleged by the state to have been drinking and in firing through the wall of a building in an attempt to shoot the proprietor of a saloon, killed O'Dell.

Mrs. Benjamin Rogers at Brushville, Wis., met death by a heavy door falling on her. She was found by her husband pinned solidly beneath the heavy mass of timbers, her body badly crushed. Their 3-year-old boy was found patiently rocking his 6-months-old sister in her cradle in the dark, and all fire out.

Charles E. Kruger was hanged in the county jail yard at Greensburg, Pa., for killing Constable Harry Blerer, sent July 9 last to arrest Kruger on a charge of disorderly conduct. Kruger did not resist arrest but stepped into an adjoining room to get his coat, and from there fired on and killed Blerer.

Beyond steadily growing weakness, there was no appreciable change in the condition of Col. "Gabe" Bouch of Oshkosh on Thursday. He is suffering no pain and appears hardly conscious of what is going on about him.

Pat Flaherty and Charles Dennis, indicted on the charge of robbing the postoffice at Superior, were arraigned in the federal court at Madison and both pleaded not guilty. Being unable to furnish bond in the sum of \$10,000 each, they were remanded to jail to await trial.

SWEDEN FEARS COMPLICATIONS

Belief Growing That England May Take Island of Gotland in Baltic.
Berlin, Feb. 12.—Count Tombo, the Swedish minister here, has had several conferences with Baron Von Richthofen. It is understood the Swedes fear Anglo-Russian complications and foresee the possibility of England seizing the Baltic island of Gotland as a coaling base, which the Swedes would surrender after a show of resistance. Then Russia would declare Sweden had violated neutrality. King Oscar may postpone his projected trip to Abkhazia, and the mobilization of the Swedish army is not impossible.

DYING WOMAN SHOOTS HER HUSBAND IN HEAD

Victim of Quick Consumption, Determined Not to Die Alone, Attacks Her Sleeping Spouse.

Pittsburgh, Pa., Feb. 12.—Determined that her husband should die with her, Mrs. Delta Lloyd, who is dying with quick consumption, shot her husband in the head while he was sleeping. Lloyd is unconscious in the Allegheny General hospital, and Mrs. Lloyd prays that he may die.

The woman was arrested, and, as Justice of the Peace Dutz of Ben Avon could not go outside of the borough to conduct the hearing, the dying woman was taken to his residence in a carriage. The carriage was stopped on the borough lines and the testimony of witnesses was taken in the road in front of his home.

After the preliminary hearing the woman was taken to the jail and had to be carried in a chair to her cell. Her husband probably will die and the woman is not expected to live more than a few days.

Port Arthur Wrecked.

Chefoo, Feb. 12.—The German steamer Chofoo has arrived from Port Arthur, crowded with Chinese and carrying ten foreigners. It reports that a bombardment began on Wednesday between 10 and 11 o'clock in the morning and lasted three-quarters of an hour. Many houses were struck by shells, especially on the hills, and a number of persons were killed and wounded. The lower part of the town is injured, except for a few shells which fell on the boundaries.

Some civilians have left, but there are many who are unable to depart. The Chofoo got away by special permission, but other steamers have been placed under guard by order of Viceroy Alexoff.

Russians Bombard Town.

Tien-Tsin, Feb. 12.—Five Russian cruisers from Vladivostok bombarded the Japanese city of Hakodate Tuesday. No details are known here, only the bare statement of the battle being received. Three Japanese torpedo boats were sunk in Sunday night's engagement. It is reported here. The Russians are said to be practically without coal, the Chinese supply sources having been closed. China is organizing a force of 300,000 Boxers, which is to be poured into Manchuria to harass the Russians in the rear. Fifteen Japanese ships were sighted off Chinghwa.

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Home Duties.

Bondi, the Italian sculptor, has commenced to work on the great marble statue of the late pontiff, which will crown a hill that overlooks Carpineto, Italy, Pope Leo's birthplace.

Half Price for Cloaks.

Furs cut again.

Suits at Cost.

Home Duties.

The Burden and Carnegie homes in New York are equipped with hospitals.

They are complete in all details, and have all possible accommodations for patients and nurses.

Look for
Big Sign
Over
the Door.

EDWARD J. KANN & CO.
18 SOUTH MAIN ST.

Look for
Big Sign
Over
the Door.

GREAT SACRIFICE SALE!
We need the money; you see the goods. Read the prices below and they will tell the story. Economical buyers will wind their way to Edward J. Kann & Co.'s Great Sacrifice Sale and thereby benefit their purses. A word to the wise is sufficient. So come on, everybody. Bargains for all.

Having just received from one of Chicago's leading clothing manufacturers 105 Sample Suits of various materials, in Worsteds, Cheviots, Tibets and Clay Worsteds. Every garment is tailor-made and not one of them worth less than \$15.00. We have placed them on one table and marked them all one \$7.50 price to move them quickly. Our price only.

Men's Scotch Tweed Suits, well made and trimmed and worth every cent of \$10. So \$5.00 come quick, our price only.

Men's \$10 Overcoats. This is your last chance to buy them for just half, only \$5.00.

Men's \$15 Overcoats. This is your last chance to buy them for just half, only \$7.50.

Men's \$7 and \$8 Tailor-made Trousers, nothing better made; choice of 500 pair only \$3.00.

Men's all wool Working Pants, just worth \$1.50.

Boys' long Pants 50c, \$1.00, \$1.50, \$2.00

Children's Suits, from 3 to 15 years, in 2 and 3 piece Suits with short Pants. Every Suit will be sold regardless of cost. So now is your time to fit your little boy out with a Suit at half and in some instances for one-third of cost to manufacture. Come and look at them.

We have a few of those \$1 and \$1.50 Shirts left, and to clean up every single one we have placed them on our counters in three lots and marked them 25c, 38c and 50c. Don't miss this chance. They come in white and colored laundered with cuffs attached, and colored soft bosoms with cuffs detached and some with cuffs attached.

Men's \$2.00, \$2.50 and \$3.00 Hats, Soft or Stiff, Sacrifice Sale only \$1.00.

Men's \$1.00 Fedora Hats, our price is less than manufacturers' cost, only 39c.

Canvas Gloves or Mittens, sale price, pair, 5c. Men's all wool Underwear, \$1.25 kind, only 75c. Men's Linen Collars, small size, 15c kind, each. Men's Scotch Mufflers, 35c kind, only 10c. Men's all Wool Sweaters, sale price, each 50c. Men's finest Merino half hose, 50c kind, only 25c. Men's Bow Ties, regular 25c kind, sale price 2 for 25c. Men's Bow Ties, regular 15c kind, sale price 3 for 10c.